



## **SOUTH SUDAN-UGANDA** POWER INTERCONNECTION PROJECT (SUPIP)























DR Congo

Egypt

Ethiopia

Rwanda

South Sudan

Tanzania

Uganda

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## **Overview**

The South Sudan-Uganda Power Interconnection Project (SUPIP) transformative regional energy infrastructure initiative to be implemented by the Governments of South Sudan and Uganda, with coordination by the Nile Equatorial Lakes Subsidiary Action Program Coordination Unit (NELSAP-CU). The project is jointly financed by the African Development Fund (ADF), the European Union (EU), and participating governments, under the guidance of the African Development Bank (AfDB).

SUPIP seeks to connect South Sudan to the Eastern Africa Power Pool (EAPP) and enable it to import affordable, reliable electricity from Uganda. By doing so, it aims to address South Sudan's severe power deficit, reduce dependence on diesel generators, and promote regional energy trade, peace, and economic integration.



## Project Objectives



Enable
cross-border
transmission of
clean and
affordable
power from
Uganda to
South Sudan.



Improve
electricity
access and
quality in
Juba, Nimule,
and
surrounding
areas.



Facilitate regional economic integration and trade in energy through the EAPP.



Support
environmental
goals by
reducing GHG
emissions
through
replacement of
fossil-fuel-based
energy sources.



SUPIP comprises the construction of a **300.5** Km **400kV** double-circuit transmission line **149** km in South Sudan (Gumbo to Nimule) and **151.5** km in Uganda (Nimule to Olwiyo). The line is designed to carry up to **1,000** MW of power and will serve as a backbone for future regional electricity exchanges.

#### The project also includes:



Construction of two new 400/220/132/33kV substations at Gumbo (South Sudan) and 400/132/33kv at Bibia (Uganda), with the upgrade of the existing Olwiyo substation to 400kV.



Installation of 100 km of 33kV medium-voltage and 400 km of low-voltage distribution lines in Nimule, designed to facilitate last-mile connections to at least 1,000 homes, businesses, schools, and clinics.



Deployment of Optical Ground Wire (OPGW) along the transmission route to provide reliable, high-speed internet, fostering digital inclusion and lowering connectivity costs in South Sudan.

## Institutional and Capacity Building

The project also invests in institutional strengthening, including:

Joint Operations and Maintenance Agreements (JOMA) between UETCL and SSEC. Tariff reform and cost-of-service studies to ensure affordable and sustainable

pricing.

Capacity-building support for grid operations, maintenance, and planning teams in both countries.



## Project Cost and Financing

The estimated project cost stands at UA 195.19 million (~USD 260 million), financed as follows:

AfDB: ADF, ROE, RPG, and CAW windows

European Union: EUR 48.93 million

Government of Uganda: **UA 13.42 million** 

**In-kind contributions:** Government of South Sudan and Nile Basin Initiative institutions



The SUPIP will positively impact over **590,000 people** across Juba, Nimule, and the surrounding areas. Key anticipated benefits include:

- Energy affordability: South Sudan, a reduction in electricity costs by over 75%, from USD 0.40/kWh (diesel) to USD 0.09/kWh (imported power).
- Social infrastructure: Over 100 schools and over 50 health centers in Juba and along the transmission line routes will benefit from stable electricity, improving service delivery.
- Economic opportunity: Over 1,000 jobs are expected during construction, with 200+ permanent jobs post-completion. Youth and women-led SMEs will gain access to electricity and digital tools.
- Environmental impact: Estimated annual emissions reduction of over 250,000 tons of CO₂ through transition to hydropower.



## **Environmental and Social Safeguards**

Given the project's Category 1 risk classification, comprehensive Environmental and Social Impact Assessments (ESIAs), Resettlement Action Plans (RAPs) and Biodiversity Action plan (BAP) have been conducted and disclosed. These cover over **1000 hectares** of land and about **1100+** project-affected persons (PAPs). Grievance redress mechanisms, gender mainstreaming, and climate adaptation measures are integrated throughout the project.



# Recent Coordination & Implementatio n Milestones (as of July 2025)

As of June 2025, SUPIP officially transitioned into the **implementation phase**, marked by several significant developments:

- Field validation: Design validation site visits began at Karuma and Olwiyo substations on **1st July 2025**, led by UETCL, feasibility study consultants, and NELSAP-CU technical experts.
- ✓ Ugandan RAP update: A critical 16 km corridor along the Uganda-South Sudan border remains inaccessible, delaying the full completion of RAP. Additional scope on Karuma, Olwiyo substation shall also be done. UETCL has approved the budget to conduct this activity by mid-September 2025.
- Institutional task force: A joint task force between the Ministry of Energy and Mineral Development (MEMD), NELSAP, and Uganda Revenue Authority (URA) is addressing bottlenecks in the consultants' tax clearance and financial flow.
- Community readiness: Stakeholders have recommended establishing grievance redress desks, conducting community information campaigns, and increasing the frequency of site verification missions to accelerate readiness and public support.

These milestones mark a critical juncture in the SUPIP lifecycle, with strong momentum building toward full-scale construction and energy trade readiness by **early 2026.** 



## Call to Action for Stakeholders

#### The South Sudan-Uganda

Power Interconnection Project is more than an infrastructure development it is a bridge for peace, regional integration, and economic resilience. To ensure its full realization, the project calls upon stakeholders to contribute in the following ways:

## Civil Society & Local Governments:

Facilitate inclusive community engagement, feedback mechanisms, and social accountability.

## Development Agencies:

Support co-financing, safeguard implementation, and policy alignment.

## Private Sector:

Invest in renewable energy services, last-mile electrification, and ICT ventures along the corridor.

## Policy Makers & Regional Platforms:

Harmonize cross-border energy policies and enable market-based energy trade.

#### Media & Academia:

Document outcomes, highlight success stories, and inform public discourse with evidence-based research.

**SUPIP** is not just powering homes it is powering hope, prosperity, and the next phase of Nile Basin cooperation.









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The Sudan



Tanzania



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### Nile Equatorial Lakes Subsidiary Action Plan (NELSAP)

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