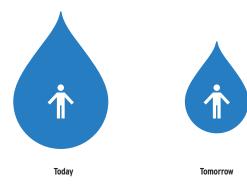
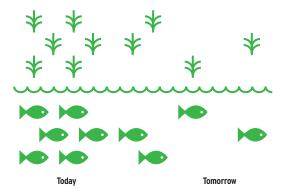
NBI: OUR PRIORITIES FOR 2017-2027



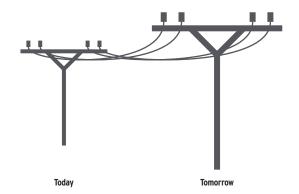
1. WATER SECURITY: MEETING RISING WATER DEMANDS

The water availability per capita is in decline. Nile Basin countries need to explore new water sources, reuse water and use less water more efficiently.



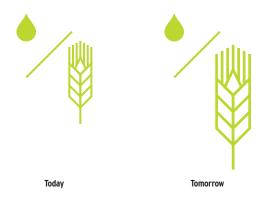
4. ENVIRONMENT: RESTORING DEGRADED ECOSYSTEMS

Life-sustaining environmental services are jeopardised. Countries need to maintain wetlands, lake and riverine ecosystems, and sustainably manage critical water source catchments.



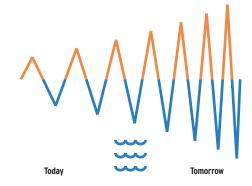
2. ENERGY: UNLOCKING AND OPTIMISING HYDROPOWER POTENTIAL

The demand for energy is increasing. Countries need to harness the Nile Basin's hydropower potential and interconnect grids to enable regional power transmission and trade.



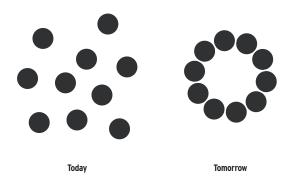
3. FOOD: INCREASING AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTIVITY

The per capita food production is less than adequate. Nile Basin countries need to produce more food with less water and fully exploit regional agricultural trade.



5. CLIMATE CHANGE: IMPLEMENTING EFFECTIVE ADAPTATION MEASURES

Climate Change manifests itself largely through its impact on water resources, i.e. floods and droughts. Countries must work together on transboundary climate resilient interventions.



6. GOVERNANCE: PLANNING AND TAKING ACTION TOGETHER

Transboundary challenges require transboundary solutions. Nile Basin countries need to work together, strengthen water governance and build consensus on the regional level.







