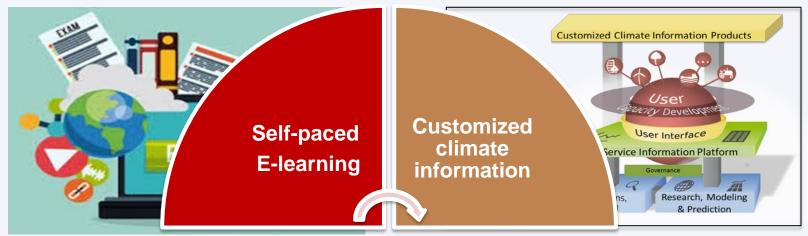


NBI's New Climate Service Knowledge Management Hub

















NBI's Climate Proofing E-learning course Interest Basin I



Module 1 Introduction into the Course

Course Rationale

Course Navigation

Course Certification Module 2:

Climate Change & water infrastructure in the Nile Basin

Climate Change

Climate Risk of Water **Infrastructure**

Climate Proofing of Infrastructure **Investments**

Module 3: Climate Services for

> Infrastructure **Investments**

Concept of Climate Services

Access to Climate Services & Data in the Nile Basin

Best Practices for Use of Climate Models

Module 4:

Climate Proofing at the project level

> **Project Screening &** Scoping

Climate Risk Assessment

Adaptation **Assessment & Implementation**





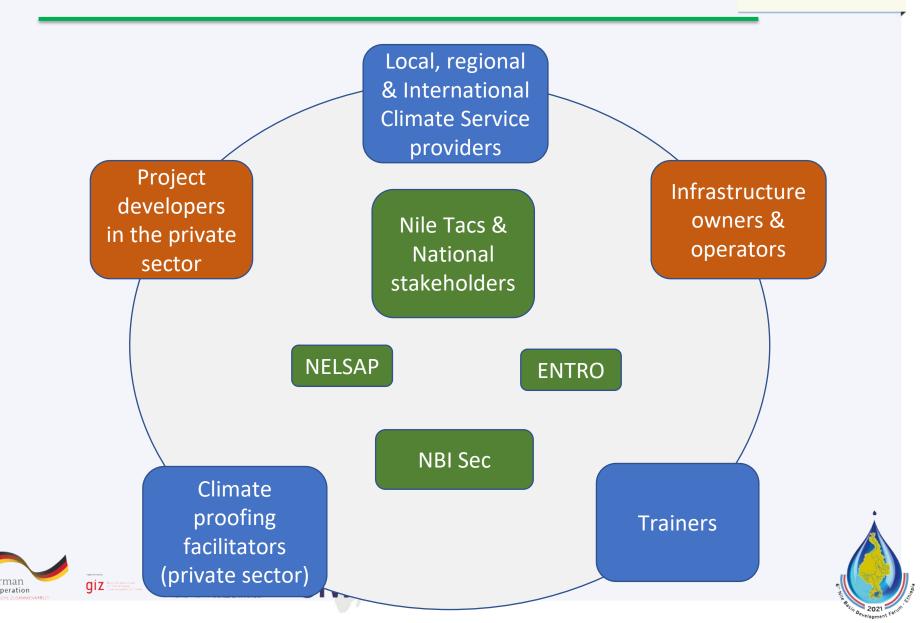






Community of Practice of the Climate Service Knowledge Management Hub





Integration into the Climate Service Knowledge Management Hub



SECTOR POLICY, PLANNING & REGULATION

PROJECT IDENTIFICATION

PROJECT PREPARATION

RESOURCE MOBILIZATION

OPERATION & MAINTENANCE

Intro

Project identification is the selection of the least **cost** project configuration from the available resources or alternatives and translate that into a suitable project for the stated purpose. The project identification stage typically consists of a reconnaissance study and prefeasibility studies. In some cases, project identification may be done as part of national or regional water resource inventories rather than a project specific study.

The findings of the project Identification stage are documented in a reconnaissance report and prefeasibility report

Climate Proofing guidance

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ent Risk Treatment

Monitoring & Evaluation

1.Risk Assessment

Scope

Scoping

Risk Assessment consists of identification, analysis and evaluation of risks and opportunities. The results of the Risk assessment are documented in a risk/opportunity register. At the project identification stage, each project alternative should have a separate risk register.

Drocess

The analysis may be qualitative, semi-quantitative or quantitative.

- ➤ Prepare a risk/opportunity register. This is a record of the potential risks and opportunities related to the project(s) focusing on climate sensitive issues. The risk register is the documentation of the outcome of the three steps (i.e., 1) Identification, 2) analysis/screening and 3) evaluation)
- ➤ Identification of risks: Identification of risks should ensure that no risk is unwittingly excluded. This should cover all potential climate stressors relevant to the project. Examples (link). The register should include the threats/opportunities associated with each climate risk and/or stressor and an estimate of the likelihood and potential loss/gain of each threat/opportunity. Figure 12 shows an example of a risk /opportunity register. Note that the list of stressors in the example are not exhaustive. The risk team and stakeholders must identify all the stressors and then list them.



Intro video



Manual



Peerlearning & exchange



Best practices



Climate Service

